Contents	World species, living planet index, worldwide	
<u>Metadata</u>	Information about this file	
LCI	Living planet index, worldwide, lower confidence interval, 1970-2014	
MCI	Living planet index, worldwide, middle confidence interval, 1970-2014	
<u>uci</u>	Living planet index, worldwide, upper confidence interval, 1970-2014	

http://www.dannydorling.org/

# Metadata

These reference tables contain statistics of biodiversity loss measured by living planet index. Here three scenarios are given (worst, central, and best scenarios). The graph besides each table shows the percentage of species loss until that year, and the absolute change over time. The x-axis is the absolute change while the y-axis is the proportion of species becoming extinct. Each circle represents a certain year.

The economic slowdowns are always accompanied with a slowdown in biodiversity loss.

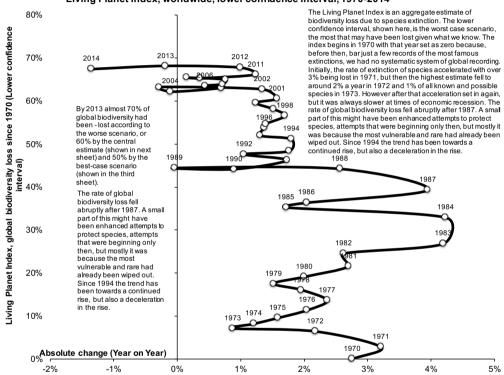
Contents

#### Living planet index, worldwide, lower confidence interval, 1970-2014

Source: the Living Planet Index 2018 (http://livingplanetindex.org/documents/LPR2018data\_public.csv); And personal communication, Rich Grenyer (Oxford University), Monika Bohm and Louise McRae (Insitute of Zoology London); June 3 2019 Frequency: Yearly, End of period

Observation date	Absolute change (% point)	Loss of biodiversity (%)	Label
1970	2.76%	0.00%	1970
1971	3.21%	2.76%	1971
1972	2.18%	6.42%	1972
1973	0.88%	7.11%	1973
1974	1.21%	8.18%	1974
1975	1.58%	9.52%	1975
1976	2.05%	11.34%	1976
1977	2.36%	13.62%	1977
1978	1.96%	16.07%	1978
1979	1.52%	17.53%	1979
1980	2.00%	19.11%	1980
1981	2.70%	21.54%	1981
1982	2.62%	24.51%	1982
1983	4.19%	26.78%	1983
1984	4.23%	32.90%	1984
1985	1.72%	35.24%	1985
1986	2.04%	36.33%	1986
1987	3.95%	39.32%	1987
1988	2.56%	44.22%	1988
1989	-0.04%	44.44%	1989
1990	0.90%	44.14%	1990
1991	1.73%	46.24%	
1992	1.06%	47.60%	1992
1993	1.76%	48.35%	
1994	1.80%	51.12%	1994
1995	1.31%	51.94%	
1996	1.37%	53.74%	1996
1997	1.40%	54.69%	
1998	1.70%	56.54%	1998
1999	1.52%	58.09%	
2000	1.24%	59.59%	
2001	1.58%	60.58%	2001
2002	1.34%	62.74%	2002
2003	-0.29%	63.26%	
2004	-0.10%	62.16%	2004
2005	0.70%	63.05%	
2006	0.44%	63.56%	2006
2007	0.72%	63.93%	
2008	0.76%	65.00%	
2009	0.15%	65.45%	
2010	0.37%	65.29%	
2011	1.25%	66.18%	2011
2012	0.99%	67.78%	2012
2013	-0.18%	68.17%	2013
2014	-1.3%	67.42%	2014

## Living Planet Index, worldwide, lower confidence interval, 1970-2014



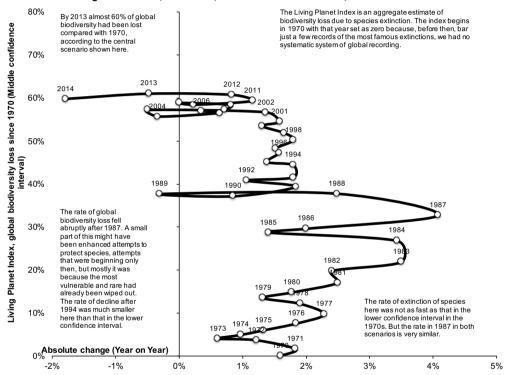
Contents

### Living planet index, worldwide, middle confidence interval, 1970-2014

Source: the Living Planet Index 2018 (http://livingplanetindex.org/documents/LPR2018data\_public.csv); And personal communication, Rich Grenyer (Oxford University), Monika Bohm and Louise McRae (Insitute of Zoology London); June 3 2019 Frequency: Yearly, End of period

Observation date	Absolute change (% point)	Loss of biodiversity (%)	Label
1970	1.60%	0.00%	1970
1971	1.83%	1.60%	1971
1972	1.22%	3.66%	1972
1973	0.61%	4.03%	1973
1974	0.97%	4.89%	1974
1975	1.33%	5.97%	1975
1976	1.85%	7.55%	1976
1977	2.29%	9.67%	1977
1978	1.91%	12.12%	1978
1979	1.32%	13.48%	1979
1980	1.78%	14.77%	1980
1981	2.50%	17.04%	1981
1982	2.41%	19.77%	1982
1983	3.50%	21.85%	1983
1984	3.43%	26.78%	1984
1985	1.41%	28.71%	1985
1986	2.00%	29.59%	1986
1987	4.08%	32.71%	1987
1988	2.49%	37.75%	1988
1989	-0.31%	37.69%	1989
1990	0.85%	37.13%	1990
1991	1.84%	39.39%	
1992	1.06%	40.81%	1992
1993	1.80%	41.51%	
1994	1.80%	44.40%	1994
1995	1.39%	45.10%	
1996	1.57%	47.17%	1996
1997	1.51%	48.25%	
1998	1.80%	50.20%	1998
1999	1.66%	51.86%	
2000	1.31%	53.52%	
2001	1.59%	54.47%	2001
2002	1.37%	56.69%	2002
2003	-0.50%	57.21%	
2004	-0.34%	55.69%	2004
2005	0.64%	56.53%	
2006	0.35%	56.98%	2006
2007	0.72%	57.24%	
2008	0.82%	58.42%	
2009	0.01%	58.87%	
2010	0.23%	58.43%	
2011	1.16%	59.33%	2011
2012	0.83%	60.74%	2012
2013	-0.48%	61.00%	2013
2014	-1.8%	59.79%	2014

## Living Planet Index, worldwide, middle confidence interval, 1970-2014



Contents

### Living planet index, worldwide, upper confidence interval, 1970-2014

Source: the Living Planet Index 2018 (http://livingplanetindex.org/documents/LPR2018data\_public.csv); And personal communication, Rich Grenyer (Oxford University), Monika Bohm and Louise McRae (Insitute of Zoology London); June 3 2019 Frequency: Yearly, End of period

Observation date	Absolute change (% point)	Loss of biodiversity (%)	Label
1970	0.47%	0.00%	1970
1971	0.63%	0.47%	1971
1972	0.36%	1.26%	1972
1973	0.29%	1.20%	1973
1974	0.67%	1.85%	1974
1975	0.95%	2.53%	1975
1976	1.60%	3.74%	1976
1977	2.20%	5.74%	1977
1978	1.81%	8.14%	1978
1979	1.14%	9.36%	1979
1980	1.47%	10.41%	1980
1981	2.15%	12.29%	1981
1982	2.16%	14.70%	1982
1983	2.93%	16.60%	1983
1984	2.59%	20.57%	1984
1985	1.00%	21.79%	1985
1986	1.97%	22.57%	1986
1987	4.13%	25.72%	1987
1988	2.33%	30.84%	1988
1989	-0.65%	30.38%	1989
1990	0.75%	29.55%	1990
1991	1.91%	31.89%	
1992	1.01%	33.37%	1992
1993	1.81%	33.90%	
1994	1.81%	36.99%	1994
1995	1.38%	37.52%	
1996	1.76%	39.76%	1996
1997	1.67%	41.03%	
1998	1.95%	43.10%	1998
1999	1.88%	44.94%	
2000	1.39%	46.85%	
2001	1.45%	47.73%	2001
2002	1.21%	49.76%	2002
2003	-0.71%	50.14%	
2004	-0.60%	48.34%	2004
2005	0.47%	48.94%	
2006	0.21%	49.29%	2006
2007	0.64%	49.36%	
2008	0.73%	50.56%	
2009	-0.28%	50.83%	
2010	0.10%	50.01%	
2011	0.97%	51.03%	2011
2012	0.42%	51.96%	2012
2013	-0.90%	51.87%	2012
2014	-2.2%	50.16%	2013



